..... (Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To establish a comprehensive, long-term United States strategy and policy for the Pacific Islands, and for other purposes.

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CASE introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

# A BILL

- To establish a comprehensive, long-term United States strategy and policy for the Pacific Islands, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
  5 "Boosting Long-term U.S. Engagement in the Pacific
  6 Act" or the "BLUE Pacific Act".
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Authority to consolidate reports; form of reports.

#### TITLE I—POLITICAL LEADERSHIP AND REGIONALISM

- Sec. 101. Findings.
- Sec. 102. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 103. Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership.
- Sec. 104. Staffing.
- Sec. 105. Assistance with international organizations.
- Sec. 106. Allies and partners in the Pacific Islands region.

#### TITLE II—PEOPLE-CENTERED DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 201. Assistance to improve public health outcomes and build public health capacity.
- Sec. 202. Assistance to promote freedom of the press.
- Sec. 203. Program to promote educational and professional development for young adult leaders and professionals.
- Sec. 204. Education assistance.
- Sec. 205. Investment agreements.

### TITLE III—PEACE AND SECURITY

- Sec. 301. Building the capacity of local civilian and national security institutions.
- Sec. 302. Reporting.

### TITLE IV—RESOURCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 401. Trade development with the Pacific Islands.
- Sec. 402. Trade capacity building initiative for the Pacific Islands.
- Sec. 403. United States Commercial Service.

#### TITLE V—CLIMATE CHANGE AND DISASTERS

- Sec. 501. Assistance to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies.
- Sec. 502. Climate resilient infrastructure.

### TITLE VI—OCEAN AND ENVIRONMENT

- Sec. 601. Oceans management.
- Sec. 602. Sea level rise.
- Sec. 603. Illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing.

#### TITLE VII—TECHNOLOGY AND CONNECTIVITY

- Sec. 701. Digital access and inclusion.
- Sec. 702. Cybersecurity.

### TITLE VIII—REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC ISLANDS PARTNERSHIP AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 801. Report on the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership. Sec. 802. Authorization of appropriations.

## 1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—Except as otherwise provided, the term "ap-
5	propriate congressional committees" means—
6	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
7	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
8	of Representatives; and
9	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
10	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
11	Senate.
12	(2) PACIFIC ISLANDS.—The terms "Pacific Is-
13	lands" means the Cook Islands, the Republic of Fiji,
14	the Republic of Kiribati, the Republic of the Mar-
15	shall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia,
16	the Republic of Nauru, Niue, the Republic of Palau,
17	the Independent State of Papua New Guinea, the
18	Independent State of Samoa, the Solomon Islands,
19	the Kingdom of Tonga, Tuvalu, and the Republic of
20	Vanuatu.
21	SEC. 3. AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE REPORTS; FORM OF
22	REPORTS.
23	(a) Authority to Consolidate Reports.—Any
24	reports required to be submitted to the appropriate con-

24 reports required to be submitted to the appropriate con-25 gressional committees under this Act that are subject to26 deadlines for submission consisting of the same units of

time may be consolidated into a single report that is sub mitted to appropriate congressional committees pursuant
 to such deadlines and that contains all information re quired under such reports.

5 (b) FORM OF REPORTS.—Each report required to be
6 submitted to the appropriate congressional committees
7 under this Act and any consolidated report described in
8 subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but
9 may contain a classified annex.

# 10 TITLE I—POLITICAL 11 LEADERSHIP AND REGIONALISM

# 12 SEC. 101. FINDINGS.

13 Congress finds the following:

14 (1) The Pacific Islands—

- 15 (A) are home to roughly 10,000,000 resi-16 dents;
- 17 (B) are spread across an expanse of the
  18 Pacific Ocean equivalent to 15 percent of the
  19 Earth's surface, including the three subregions
  20 of Melanesia, Micronesia, and Polynesia; and

(C) face shared challenges in development
that have distinct local contexts, including climate change and rising sea levels, geographic
distances from major markets, and vulnerability

1	to external shocks such as natural disasters in
2	both slow and sudden onset situations.
3	(2) The United States is a Pacific country with
4	longstanding ties and shared values and interests
5	with the Pacific Islands, including through the Com-
6	pacts of Free Association with the Freely Associated
7	States, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the
8	Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of
9	Palau.
10	(3) The United States has vital national secu-
11	rity interests in the Pacific Islands, including—
12	(A) protecting regional peace and security
13	that fully respects the sovereignty of all nations;
14	(B) advancing economic prosperity free
15	from coercion and unfair practices through
16	trade and sustainable development; and
17	(C) supporting democracy, good govern-
18	ance, the rule of law, and human rights and
19	fundamental freedoms.
20	(4) Successive United States administrations
21	have recognized the importance of the Pacific region,
22	including the Pacific Islands, in high-level strategic
23	documents, including the following:
24	(A) The 2015 National Security Strategy,
25	which first declared the rebalance to Asia and

1	the Pacific, affirmed the United States as a Pa-
2	cific nation, and paved the way for subsequent
3	United States engagement with the Pacific Is-
4	lands, including several new policies focused on
5	conservation and resilience to climate change
6	announced in September 2016.
7	(B) The 2017 National Security Strategy,
8	which includes a commitment to "shore up
9	fragile partner states in the Pacific Islands re-
10	gion to reduce their vulnerability to economic
11	fluctuations and natural disasters".
12	(C) The 2019 Indo-Pacific Strategy Re-
13	port, which identified the Pacific Islands as
14	"critical to U.S. strategy because of our shared
15	values, interests, and commitments" and com-
16	mitted the United States to "building capacity
17	and resilience to address maritime security; Ille-
18	gal, Unreported, and Unregulated fishing; drug
19	trafficking; and resilience to address climate
20	change and disaster response".
21	(D) The 2022 Indo-Pacific Strategy Re-
22	port, which recognized the need to engage fur-
23	ther with the Pacific Islands on shared security
24	goals.

(E) The 2022 Strategy for Pacific Island
 Partnership, which outlined goals and methods
 for deepening the United States partnerships
 with Pacific Island nations.

5 (5) The United States has deepened its diplo6 matic engagement with the Pacific Islands through
7 several recent initiatives, including—

8 (A) the Pacific Pledge, which provided an 9 \$100,000,000 additional in 2019and 10 \$200,000,000 in 2020, on top of the approxi-11 mately \$350,000,000 that the United States 12 provides annually to the region to support 13 shared priorities in economic and human devel-14 opment, climate change, and more;

15 (B) the Small and Less Populous Island Economies (SALPIE) Initiative launched in 16 17 March 2021 to strengthen United States col-18 laboration with island countries and territories, 19 including in the Pacific Islands, on COVID–19 20 economic challenges, long-term economic devel-21 opment, climate change, and other shared inter-22 ests;

23 (C) the declaration on U.S.-Pacific Part24 nership of 2022 in which the United States and

1	the Pacific Islands resolved to strengthen their
2	partnership, bolstering Pacific regionalism; and
3	(D) the Partners in the Blue Pacific Initia-
4	tive, a new initiative, to increase diplomatic en-
5	gagement and coordination in the region.
6	(6) The Boe Declaration on Regional Security,
7	adopted by leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum in
8	2018, affirmed that climate change "remains the
9	single greatest threat to the livelihoods, security, and
10	wellbeing of the peoples of the Pacific" and asserted
11	"the sovereign right of every Member to conduct its
12	national affairs free of external interference and co-
13	ercion''.
14	(7) The Asian Development Bank has estimated
15	that the Pacific Islands region needs upwards of
16	\$2,800,000,000 a year in investment needs through
17	2030, in addition to \$300,000,000 a year for climate
18	mitigation and adaptation over the same period.
19	(8) Since 1966, thousands of Peace Corps vol-
20	unteers have proudly served in the Pacific Islands,
21	building strong people-to-people relationships and
22	partnerships demonstrating the United States com-
23	mitment to peace and sustainable development in the
24	region, including supporting education, health, and
25	economic development initiatives. Prior to the

1	COVID-19 pandemic, the Peace Corps maintained
2	presence in four countries of the Pacific Islands and
3	has since announced plans to return to and expand
4	programs in Fiji, Tonga, Samoa, and Vanuatu.
5	Peace Corps volunteers continue to be in high de-
6	mand in the Pacific Islands and have been requested
7	across the region.
8	SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
9	It is the policy of the United States—
10	(1) to develop and commit to a comprehensive,
11	multifaceted, and principled United States policy in
12	the Pacific Islands that—
13	(A) promotes peace, security, and pros-
14	perity for all countries through a rules-based
15	regional order that respects the sovereignty,
16	self-determination, and political independence of
17	all nations;
18	(B) preserves the Pacific Ocean as an open
19	and vibrant corridor for international maritime
20	trade and promotes trade and sustainable devel-
21	opment that supports inclusive economic growth
22	and autonomy for all nations and addresses so-
23	cioeconomic and environmental challenges re-
24	lated to public health, education, renewable en-
25	ergy, digital connectivity, and more;

1	(C) supports regional efforts to address the
2	challenges posed by climate change, including
3	by strengthening resilience to natural disasters
4	and through responsible stewardship of natural
5	resources and the need for collective action to
6	mitigate its impacts and build resilience;
7	(D) improves civil society, strengthens
8	democratic governance and the rule of law, and
9	promotes human rights and the preservation of
10	the region's unique cultural heritages; and
11	(F) supports existing regional architecture
12	and the international rules based order and
13	principles of international law;
14	(2) to support the vision, values, and objectives
15	of existing regional multilateral institutions and
16	frameworks, such as the Pacific Islands Forum and
17	the Pacific Community, including—
18	(A) the 2000 Biketawa Declaration;
19	(B) the 2014 Framework for Pacific Re-
20	gionalism;
21	(C) the 2018 Boe Declaration on Regional
22	Security;
23	(D) the Boe Declaration Action Plan; and
24	(E) the 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific
25	Continent;

1 (3) to extend and amend the provisions of the 2 Compacts of Free Association, subsidiary agree-3 ments, and related United States law that will expire 4 in 2023 for the Republic of the Marshall Islands and 5 the Federated States of Micronesia and in 2024 for 6 the Republic of Palau unless they are extended; and 7 (4) to work closely with United States allies 8 and partners with existing relationships and inter-9 ests in the Pacific Islands, including Australia, 10 Japan, New Zealand, and Taiwan, in advancing 11 common goals. 12 SEC. 103. STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC ISLANDS PARTNERSHIP. 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2027,

14 and every 4 years thereafter, the President shall develop
15 and submit to the appropriate congressional committees
16 a strategy to be known as the "Strategy for Pacific Islands
17 Partnership" (in this section referred to as the "Strat18 egy").

19 (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The Strategy shall20 include the following:

21 (1) A description of overarching goals for the22 United States-Pacific Island Partnership.

23 (2) A description of measurable objectives for
24 United States engagement in the Pacific Islands.

1	(3) An assessment of threats to the Pacific Is-
2	lands region.
3	(4) A plan to address the security of the Pacific
4	Islands region.
5	(5) A strategy to invest in and improve critical
6	infrastructure.
7	(6) A regional Development Cooperation Strat-
8	egy formulated by the United States Agency for
9	International Development.
10	(c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the Strategy, the
11	President should consult, as appropriate, with—
12	(1) regional organizations, such as the Pacific
13	Islands Forum, the Pacific Islands Development
14	Program, the Pacific Community and Secretariat for
15	the Pacific Regional Environment Programme;
16	(2) the countries of the Pacific Islands;
17	(3) stakeholders such as civil society, faith-
18	based organizations, and non-state actors;
19	(4) United States allies and partners; and
20	(5) United States Pacific territories and States.
21	(d) COORDINATION.—In implementing the Strategy,
22	the President shall coordinate with the heads of other Fed-
23	eral agencies, including the Secretary of State, the Sec-
24	retary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Commerce,
25	the Administrator of United States Agency for Inter-

national Development, the Secretary of Defense, and the
 United States Trade Representative.

## 3 SEC. 104. STAFFING.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, the Ad5 ministrator of the United States Agency for International
6 Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief
7 Executive Officer of the United States International De8 velopment Finance Corporation should increase the num9 ber of staff working on Pacific Islands issues and in the
10 Pacific Islands to carry out this Act.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
of the enactment of this Act, the Federal officials described in subsection (a) shall submit to the appropriate
congressional committees a report—

(1) detailing the number of full-time equivalent
positions and contractors working on Pacific Islands
issues, including in the Pacific Islands, to carry out
this Act;

(2) describing any planned changes to staffing
(2) levels to carry out this Act and if no changes are
planned providing a plan to carry out this Act under
current staffing levels; and

23 (3) if necessary, identifying additional funding
24 needed to support staffing levels to carry out this
25 Act.

1 (c) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary of State and 2 the Secretary of Commerce are authorized to hire locally-3 employed staff in the Pacific Islands to promote increased 4 diplomatic engagement and economic and commercial en-5 gagement between the United States and the Pacific Is-6 lands.

# 7 SEC. 105. ASSISTANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZA8 TIONS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in coordi-10 nation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of the 11 12 Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, as 13 appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance 14 15 to Pacific Islands countries to assist such countries to access existing development support and funding from inter-16 national organizations, such as the United Nations and 17 multilateral financial institutions. Such support and tech-18 nical assistance may include— 19

20 (1) technical support navigating grant pro21 grams, international investment mechanisms, and
22 other opportunities offered by international organi23 zations for sustainable development;

24 (2) support receiving necessary certifications25 and complying with technical requirements to par-

ticipate in international financial mechanisms from
 which Pacific Islands countries may benefit; and

3 (3) support complying with reporting and over4 sight requirements for programs conducted by inter5 national organizations.

6 (b) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— 7 The Secretary of the Treasury should direct the represent-8 atives of the United States to the World Bank Group, the 9 International Monetary Fund, and the Asian Development 10 Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States to support climate resilient infrastructure projects and to 11 build resilience to the impacts of climate change in the 12 Pacific Islands. 13

# 14SEC. 106. ALLIES AND PARTNERS IN THE PACIFIC ISLANDS15REGION.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Homeland 17 18 Security, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator 19 of United States Agency for International Development, 20 the Secretary of Defense, the United States Trade Rep-21 resentative, and any other relevant official, should consult 22 and coordinate with allies and partners in the Pacific Is-23 lands region, including Australia, Japan, New Zealand, 24Taiwan, and regional institutions such as the Pacific Is-25 lands Forum, the Pacific Islands Development Program,

the Pacific Community and Secretariat for the Pacific Re-1 2 gional Environment Programme, with respect to programs to provide assistance to the Pacific Islands, including pro-3 4 grams established by this Act, including for purposes of— 5 (1) deconflicting programming; 6 (2) ensuring that any programming does not 7 adversely affect the absorptive capacity of the Pa-8 cific Islands; 9 (3) ensuring complementary programs benefit 10 the Pacific Islands to the maximum extent prac-11 ticable; and 12 (4) ensuring that programming aligns with re-13 gional development goals, as outlined by documents 14 such as the 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific Con-15 tinent in order to support sustainable development 16 and promote a shared vision for the future of the 17 Pacific Islands. 18 (b) FORMAL CONSULTATIVE PROCESS.—The Presi-

19 dent should establish a formal consultative process with20 such regional allies and partners to coordinate with re-21 spect to such programs and future-years programming.

3 SEC. 201. ASSISTANCE TO IMPROVE PUBLIC HEALTH OUT-4 COMES AND BUILD PUBLIC HEALTH CAPAC-5

ITY.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, is authorized to assist the Pacific Islands to improve public health 7 8 outcomes and build public health capacity, including in re-9 sponse to the COVID-19 pandemic.

10 (b) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities authorized to be carried out under subsection (a) may include— 11

12 (1) programming, including grants, cooperative 13 agreements, and other forms of assistance, as appro-14 priate, to assist in building local capacity to ensure 15 that Pacific Islanders have access to the essential 16 health services they need to thrive and to address— 17 (A) maternal and child health: 18 family planning and reproductive  $(\mathbf{B})$ 19 health; 20 (C) gender-based violence; 21 (D) food security and nutrition; 22 (E) noncommunicable diseases;

23 (F) communicable diseases, including ne-24 tropical diseases, tuberculosis, HIV/ glected 25 AIDS, sexually-transmitted infections, and

1	zoonotic and emerging infectious disease
2	threats;
3	(G) equitable access to quality, essential,
4	and affordable health services and quality-as-
5	sured, safe, effective medical products and their
6	appropriate use; and
7	(H) water, sanitation, and hygiene;
8	(2) technical assistance to strengthen local
9	health system capacity and resilience in the areas of
10	good leadership and governance, sustainable financ-
11	ing, interoperable information systems and high
12	quality data for decision making, efficient medical
13	products and supply chain systems, and manage-
14	ment of human resources for health, with special at-
15	tention to increasing health worker performance, re-
16	tention, productivity, number, skill mix, and com-
17	petency, including through exploring opportunities
18	such as private sector engagement and digital health
19	integration and access;
20	(3) coordination with existing local and regional
21	health sector goals, efforts, institutions, and frame-
22	works; and
23	(4) investment in and improvement of critical
24	infrastructure, including hospitals, health clinics and
25	pharmacies in the Pacific Islands.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
 of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall sub mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
 that on the implementation of this section.

5 SEC. 202. ASSISTANCE TO PROMOTE FREEDOM OF THE 6 PRESS.

7 The Secretary of State is authorized to provide assist8 ance to promote the dissemination of free and accurate
9 information in the Pacific Islands, including for the fol10 lowing purposes:

(1) Media capacity building and education, including to—

13 (A) provide on-site media training tailored
14 to local needs;

(B) collaborate with local government and
nongovernmental entities to promote media literacy and integrate media literacy into primary
education curricula in local languages and dialects to ensure accessibility; and

20 (C) routinize funding for professional pro21 grams, such as the Pacific Islands Journalism
22 Reporting Tour, that bring media professionals
23 from the Pacific Islands to the United States.

(2) Strengthening and diversifying broadcast
 content tailored to local audiences, including content
 broadcast in the local vernacular.

4 (3) Investing in connectivity infrastructure with
5 an emphasis on broadcast radio and transmission.

# 6 SEC. 203. PROGRAM TO PROMOTE EDUCATIONAL AND PRO-

# 7 FESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR YOUNG 8 ADULT LEADERS AND PROFESSIONALS.

9 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-10 gress that routinized people-to-people exchange programs to bring Pacific Islands religious leaders, journalists, civil 11 12 society members, politicians, and others to the United States, as well as supporting similar exchange participants 13 from the United States to the Pacific Islands, strengthens 14 15 existing relationships and advances United States interests and shared values in the region. 16

(b) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may develop and implement a program to promote educational
and professional development for young adult leaders and
professionals in the Pacific Islands with a demonstrated
passion to contribute to the continued development of the
Pacific Islands.

23 (c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The program developed
24 under this section may be carried out through—

1	(1) grants provided on a competitive basis to
2	qualified organizations with demonstrated expertise
3	relating to the Pacific Islands;
4	(2) grants in amounts not to exceed $$50,000$
5	provided on a competitive basis to qualified young
6	leaders from the Pacific Islands for the purpose of
7	carrying out projects dedicated to the improvement
8	of their communities in the Pacific Islands;
9	(3) regional workshops and professional, voca-
10	tional, and academic fellowships; and
11	(4) people-to-people exchanges.
12	(d) Briefing.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
15	retary of State, acting through the Assistant Sec-
16	retary of State for Educational and Cultural Affairs,
17	should brief the appropriate congressional commit-
18	tees on exchange programs for the Pacific Islands
19	region.
20	(2) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required by
21	paragraph (1) shall include—
22	(A) an assessment of factors constraining
23	the number and frequency of International Vis-
24	itor Leadership Program participants from
25	countries of the Pacific Islands;

(B) an identification of resources that are
 necessary to address the factors described in
 subparagraph (A); and

4 (C) a strategy for connecting alumni and 5 participants of the Department of State's pro-6 fessional development exchange programs in 7 East Asia, such as the Young Southeast Asian 8 Leaders Initiative and the Young Pacific Lead-9 ers programs, to enhance interregion and 10 intraregion people-to-people ties.

## 11 SEC. 204. EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.

12 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-13 gress that—

(1) promoting basic education in the Pacific Islands, particularly in traditionally under-served communities, advances United States foreign policy
goals and requires a whole of government approach,
and the United States Government currently dedicates insufficient resources and attention to assisting
with education needs in the region;

(2) the Peace Corps alone is insufficient to
achieve United States objectives of promoting sustainable, quality basic education; and

24 (3) countries of the Pacific Islands meet the re25 quirements outlined in subsection (c)(4) of section

105 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
 U.S.C. 2151c).

3 (b) EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.—The President is au4 thorized to provide assistance under section 105 of the
5 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151c) to pro6 mote sustainable, quality basic education in the Pacific Is7 lands, including for the following purposes:

8 (1) Supporting national nutrition and health9 programs.

10 (2) Working with partner governments to re11 form policies, improve curricula, strengthen data
12 systems, train teachers, and provide quality learning
13 materials.

14 (3) Building new schools and renovating older15 facilities to ensure safe places for learning.

16 (4) Providing individuals, particularly at-risk
17 youth, with relevant education, training, and skills
18 for meaningful employment.

(5) Removing barriers to entering formal education for out-of-school individuals, assisting in
keeping them in school, and providing an opportunity to catch up on schooling for those left behind.
(6) Promoting teaching and research exchanges
between the Pacific Islands and United States insti-

tutions of higher education, including community
 colleges.

### 3 SEC. 205. INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS.

4 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con5 gress that—

6 (1) the United States International Develop-7 ment Finance Corporation has a dual mandate to 8 advance United States foreign policy and make high-9 ly developmental investment around the world with 10 a focus on communities most in need;

(2) the United States International Development Finance Corporation must enter into an investment incentive agreement with a jurisdiction's
government in order to pursue development projects
in that jurisdiction;

16 (3) the market-based private sector development
17 and inclusive economic growth of the Solomon Is18 lands and the Republic of Vanuatu are in the United
19 States foreign policy interest;

20 (4) the United States International Develop21 ment Finance Corporation has not entered into in22 vestment incentive agreements with the government
23 of the Solomon Islands or with the government of
24 the Republic of Vanuatu; and

1 (5) the inability of the United States Inter-2 national Development Finance Corporation to sup-3 port investments in the Solomon Islands and the Re-4 public of Vanuatu undermines United States policy 5 to provide countries a robust alternative to state-di-6 rect investments by authoritarian governments and 7 United States strategic competitors.

8 (b) INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS.—The Chief Execu-9 tive Officer of the United States International Develop-10 ment Finance Corporation, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall seek to enter into investment incen-11 tive agreements with the governments of those Pacific Is-12 13 lands in which the United States International Development Finance Corporation is otherwise authorized to oper-14 15 ate under the BUILD Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9601 et 16 seq.).

17 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of (c)18 State, in coordination with the Administrator of the 19 United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer 20 21 of the United States International Development Finance 22 Corporation, as appropriate, is authorized to provide tech-23 nical assistance to assist the Pacific Islands in negotiating 24 and executing investment incentive agreements with the

26

United States International Development Finance Cor poration.

# 3 TITLE III—PEACE AND 4 SECURITY

5 SEC. 301. BUILDING THE CAPACITY OF LOCAL CIVILIAN

## AND NATIONAL SECURITY INSTITUTIONS.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in coordi8 nation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary
9 of Homeland Security, as appropriate, is authorized to
10 provide assistance to build the capacity of local civilian
11 and national security institutions of the Pacific Islands for
12 purposes of—

(1) enhancing maritime security and maritime
domain awareness to address challenges such as illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;

16 (2) assisting local law enforcement in detecting,
17 preventing, and combating trafficking in persons and
18 drug trafficking and other forms of transnational
19 crime;

20 (3) providing essential services to civilian popu21 lations and responding to humanitarian challenges
22 caused by natural disasters;

(4) participating in efforts by regional institutions and frameworks to coordinate and facilitate cooperation on shared security challenges;

1	(5) expanding information sharing and working
2	toward operational coordination and interoperability
3	among Pacific Island maritime security forces, in-
4	cluding through regional fusion centers; and
5	(6) providing assistance in legal actions, includ-
6	ing hiring legal counsel or providing legal support,
7	as appropriate, to support Pacific Islands in defend-
8	ing their rights and interests related to maritime se-
9	curity, combating transnational crime, responding to
10	natural disasters, and participating in regional secu-
11	rity efforts.
12	(b) Related Programs and Authorities.—The
13	assistance and capacity building authorized by this sub-
14	section should build on the following:
15	(1) The International Military Education and
16	Training program.
17	(2) The Foreign Military Financing program.
18	(3) The Overseas Humanitarian Disaster and
19	Civic Aid program.
20	(4) The authority to build the capacity of for-
21	eign security forces under section 333 of title 10,
22	United States Code.
23	(5) The authority to provide excess defense ar-
24	ticles under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance
25	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).

(6) The National Guard State Partnership Pro gram.

3 (7) The International Narcotics Control and
4 Law Enforcement Program.

5 NATIONAL POLICE (c)FORCES COAST AND GUARDS.—The national police forces and coast guards of 6 7 countries of the Pacific Islands are eligible to receive as-8 sistance under the programs and authorities described in 9 subsection (b) (other than the programs and authorities 10 described in paragraphs (1), (4), (6), and (7) of subsection 11 (b)).

## 12 SEC. 302. REPORTING.

(a) UPDATES OF CERTAIN REPORTS.—The Secretary
of State, in coordination with the heads of other Federal
agencies as appropriate, shall identify and update the reports described in subsection (b) to include in such reports
a discussion of forms of transnational crime affecting the
Pacific Islands.

19 (b) REPORTS DESCRIBED.—The reports described in20 this subsection are the following:

- 21 (1) The International Narcotics Control Strat-22 egy report.
- 23 (2) The Improving International Fisheries Man-24 agement report.

25 (3) The Trafficking in Persons report.

# 1 TITLE IV—RESOURCE AND 2 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

# 3 SEC. 401. TRADE DEVELOPMENT WITH THE PACIFIC IS-4 LANDS.

5 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con6 gress that the United States should expand bilateral and
7 multilateral trade with the Pacific Islands to promote so8 cioeconomic development and mutual prosperity.

9 (b) TRADE DEVELOPMENT.—The United States 10 Trade Representative is authorized to expand and diver-11 sify trade and promote regional development with the Pa-12 cific Islands, including through negotiating trade and in-13 vestment framework agreements.

# 14 SEC. 402. TRADE CAPACITY BUILDING INITIATIVE FOR THE 15 PACIFIC ISLANDS.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in coordina-17 tion with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the 18 19 Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Chief Executive Officer of the United States International Develop-2021ment Finance Corporation, and the Director of the United 22 States Trade and Development Agency are authorized to 23 implement programming to build trade capacity in the Pacific Islands. 24

(b) ACTIVITIES.—The activities authorized under this
 section include—

3 (1) development of human and institutional ca4 pacity and infrastructure across multiple sectors of
5 economies, including digital connectivity and cyber6 security;

7 (2) assistance with development and implemen8 tation of regional and international trade agree9 ments, including the World Trade Organization's
10 Agreement on Trade Facilitation and facilitation of
11 intraregional trade flows;

12 (3) support for women-owned enterprises and13 gender equality; and

(4) promotion of government policies that encourage free and fair competition, sound governance,
environmental protection, and business environments
conducive to sustainable and inclusive economic
growth.

## 19 SEC. 403. UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SERVICE.

The Secretary of Commerce shall expand the presence of the United States Commercial Service in the Pacific Islands and allocate additional Foreign Commercial Service Officers to the Pacific Islands, including by elevating existing partner posts and establishing new Commercial Service posts and partner posts, to—

4	
1	(1) explore opportunities for United States pri-
2	vate sector investment;
3	(2) examine regulations in host countries in the
4	Pacific Islands that may hinder foreign direct invest-
5	ment, including those related to human rights, labor
6	rights, and environmental protection, and provide
7	technical assistance when requested by such host
8	countries; and
9	(3) report on the commercial and investment
10	activities of non-allied foreign actors in the Pacific
11	Islands.
12	TITLE V—CLIMATE CHANGE AND
13	DISASTERS
13 14	<b>DISASTERS</b> SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR
14	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR
14 15	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS
14 15 16	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES. The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES. The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa- cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to
14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES. The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa- cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES. The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa- cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance includes—
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES. The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa- cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance includes— (1) education and training programs on natural

1	nizations and institutions of higher education in the
2	United States;
2	

3 (2) technical assistance, including through
4 grants and cooperative agreements for qualified
5 United States and local nongovernmental organiza6 tions, to enhance early warning systems, emergency
7 management and preparedness procedures, and post8 disaster relief and recovery;

9 (3) coordination of existing disaster mitigation
10 and response plans in the region, including by
11 United States allies and partners in the region;

(4) infrastructure development and upgrades to
improve disaster preparedness and response, such as
the construction of evacuation centers, flood control
measures, and communication networks;

16 (5) support for local community-based disaster
17 risk reduction programs, including the development
18 of evacuation plans, training in first aid and emer19 gency response, and provision of emergency supplies;
20 (6) technical assistance and training to enhance

the capacity of local emergency response agencies,
including search and rescue teams, fire departments,
and medical personnel;

(7) provision of critical humanitarian assist ance, such as food, water, shelter, and medical care,
 in the aftermath of disasters; and

4 (8) support for programs aimed at reducing the
5 long-term impacts of disasters, such as disaster risk
6 insurance, small business recovery programs, and
7 environmental restoration initiatives.

### 8 SEC. 502. CLIMATE RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE.

9 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-10 ministrator of the United States Agency for International 11 Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief 12 Executive Officer of the United States International De-13 velopment Finance Corporation, as appropriate, is author-14 ized to—

15 (1) invest in and improve critical infrastructure, 16 including transport connectivity, hospitals, health 17 clinics, pharmacies, information and communications 18 technology, food security, coastal zone management, 19 marine and water resource management, and energy 20 security and access to electricity in the Pacific Is-21 lands, with an emphasis on climate resiliency and 22 sustainable development;

(2) provide technical assistance to assist local
government and civil society leaders assess risks to
local infrastructure, especially those posed by climate

change, consider and implement risk mitigation ef forts and policies to strengthen resilience, and evalu ate proposed projects and solutions for their efficacy
 and sustainability;

5 (3) support investment and improvement in eco-6 system conservation and protection for the long-term 7 sustainable use of ecosystem services, especially 8 those that mitigate effects of climate change and 9 those that support food security and livelihoods;

10 (4) invest in and improve critical telecommuni-11 cations infrastructure and cybersecurity;

(5) foster public-private partnerships and cooperation among stakeholders to mobilize private
sector investment and innovation for sustainable infrastructure development and climate resiliency in
the Pacific Islands;

17 (6) provide technical assistance and capacity
18 building to local governments and communities to in19 tegrate climate resilience into their infrastructure
20 planning and development strategies;

(7) develop and implement programs that promote the use of renewable energy and energy efficiency technologies in the Pacific Islands, including
through investment in clean energy infrastructure

and technical assistance to local utilities and energy
 regulators;

3 (8) work with regional organizations and gov4 ernments to promote the sustainable management of
5 marine resources, including through the development
6 of marine protected areas and ecosystem-based man7 agement approaches;

8 (9) foster partnerships between Pacific Island 9 governments and research institutions to build sci-10 entific capacity and support research on climate 11 change impacts and adaptation strategies in the re-12 gion; and

(10) promote the use of innovative financing
mechanisms, such as green bonds and climate risk
insurance, to help Pacific Island countries access affordable financing for climate-resilient infrastructure
development.

# 18 TITLE VI—OCEAN AND 19 ENVIRONMENT

## 20 SEC. 601. OCEANS MANAGEMENT.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International
Development and the Secretary of Commerce, is authorized to—

1	(1) support programming that promotes fish-
2	eries sustainability and marine biodiversity conserva-
3	tion in the Pacific Islands;
4	(2) support the development, adoption, and im-
5	plementation of regional sustainable fisheries poli-
6	cies, standards, and regulatory frameworks;
7	(3) partner with regional private sector inter-
8	ests in the adoption and implementation of seafood
9	industry fair-labor standards and sustainable fishing
10	practices;
11	(4) provide technical assistance to assist local
12	government and civil society leaders to improve envi-
13	ronmental and ocean management; and
14	(5) provide technical assistance and capacity
15	building to improve data collection and management,
16	including through the use of innovative technologies,
17	to support sustainable fisheries management and
18	biodiversity conservation in the region;
19	(6) support the development and implementa-
20	tion of integrated ocean management and marine
21	spatial planning frameworks that incorporate local
22	knowledge and community input, promote eco-
23	system-based management approaches, and address
24	transboundary marine conservation challenges;
(7) support research and monitoring programs
 to better understand the impacts of climate change
 on oceans and fisheries in the Pacific Islands and to
 inform evidence-based management approaches;
 (8) support regional efforts to combat illegal,

6 unreported, and unregulated fishing and promote
7 sustainable fisheries practices, including through the
8 development of traceability systems and improved
9 monitoring and enforcement capacity;

(9) encourage private sector investment in sustainable fisheries and marine conservation efforts in
the Pacific Islands, including through partnerships
with local communities and businesses; and

(10) promote public awareness and engagement
on issues related to sustainable fisheries and ocean
management in the Pacific Islands, including
through education and outreach programs.

## 18 SEC. 602. SEA LEVEL RISE.

19 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-20 ministrator of the United States Agency for International 21 Development and the Secretary of Commerce, is author-22 ized to provide support and technical assistance to Pacific 23 Islands to address the impacts of sea level rise with the 24 aim of—

1	(1) protecting and mitigating the impacts of sea
2	level rise on coastal communities and their econo-
3	mies;
4	(2) protecting and increasing the resilience of
5	critical coastal infrastructure;
6	(3) preserving Pacific Islands maritime bound-
7	aries and their entitlements;
8	(4) preserving Pacific Islands' statehoods;
9	(5) providing support to Pacific Islands to de-
10	velop and implement effective and just migration
11	policies that address the impacts of sea level rise on
12	communities and provide options for those who wish
13	to migrate;
14	(6) collaborating with international organiza-
15	tions and Pacific Island to provide humanitarian as-
16	sistance to those affected by sea level rise, including
17	through access to food, water, and shelter; and
18	(7) supporting efforts to build resilience and
19	sustainable livelihoods in affected communities, in-
20	cluding through the development of alternative eco-
21	nomic opportunities and sustainable agriculture
22	practices.

1SEC. 603. ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED2FISHING.

3 Section 3553 of the National Defense Authorization
4 Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (16 U.S.C. 8033) is amended—
5 (1) in paragraph (8), by striking "and" at the
6 end;

7 (2) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-8 graph (10); and

9 (3) by inserting after paragraph (8) the fol-10 lowing:

"(9) an assessment of gaps or limitations in the ability of the United States to effectively assist priority regions and priority flag states relating to IUU fishing due to resource constraints and the additional resources necessary to overcome those constraints; and".

## 17 TITLE VII—TECHNOLOGY AND 18 CONNECTIVITY

19 SEC. 701. DIGITAL ACCESS AND INCLUSION.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the heads of the United States International Development Finance Corporation, the Millennium Challenge Corporation, and the United States Trade and Development Authority, is authorized to provide support to the Pacific Islands to—

(1) expand access to high quality broadband
 and telecommunications infrastructure in the Pacific
 Islands;

4 (2) partner with regional private and public sec5 tor interests to promote and expand secure and ac6 cessible broadband connectivity; and

7 (3) strengthen the private sector and civil soci-8 ety's digital capacity and digital skillset.

## 9 SEC. 702. CYBERSECURITY.

10 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-11 ministrator of the United States Agency for International 12 Development and the heads of the United States Inter-13 national Development Finance Corporation, the Millen-14 nium Challenge Corporation, and the United States Trade 15 and Development Authority, is authorized to provide sup-16 port and technical assistance to the Pacific Islands to—

17 (1) increase adoption of policies and regulatory
18 positions that encourage open, interoperable, reli19 able, and secure digital infrastructure;

20 (2) increase adoption of cybersecurity best prac21 tices in the Pacific Islands, including through edu22 cation and training programs for government and
23 private sector entities;

24 (3) assist with the development and implemen-25 tation of cybersecurity strategies and policies, in-

1 cluding incident response plans and risk manage-2 ment frameworks;

(4) promote international cooperation and infor-3 4 mation sharing on cybersecurity threats and incidents; and 5

6 (5) assist in the establishment and strength-7 ening of national and regional Computer Emergency 8 Response Teams (CERTs) to enhance cyber incident 9 detection and response capabilities.

## VIII—REPORT TITLE ON THE 10 STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS-11 PARTNERSHIP LANDS AND 12 AUTHORIZATION OF **APPRO-**13 PRIATIONS 14

15 SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS-16

LANDS PARTNERSHIP.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the 18 date on which the initial report on the progress in imple-19 menting the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership re-20quired by section 103 is submitted to the appropriate con-21 gressional committees, and not later than January 1 of 22 each odd-numbered year thereafter, the President, in con-23 sultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of 24 Homeland Security, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator of United States Agency for International De-25

velopment, the Secretary of Defense, the United States 1 2 Trade Representative, and any other relevant official, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-3 4 port on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pa-5 cific Islands Partnership. 6 (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report re-7 quired by subsection (a) shall include the following: 8 (1) An assessment of the security challenges to 9 the Pacific Islands, including— 10 (A) an assessment of the status of security 11 challenges to the Pacific Islands, including as 12 outlined by regional documents such as the Boe 13 Declaration on regional security; 14 (B) an analysis of demonstrated needs of 15 the Pacific Islands for assistance, including ex-16 cess defense equipment and related materials 17 with humanitarian and development uses to ful-18 fill such needs; 19 (C) a review of existing security assistance 20 programs in the Pacific Islands, including pro-21 grams and efforts provided by United States al-22 lies and partners; 23 (D) a plan for programs for training and 24 sustainment with respect to such excess defense

1	equipment and related materials, including
2	those with humanitarian and development uses;
3	(E) a list of militaries, national police
4	forces, coast guards, and other national security
5	forces of the Pacific Islands receiving assistance
6	under the strategy;
7	(F) a plan to provide humanitarian assist-
8	ance and disaster relief, if necessary, through
9	the Overseas Humanitarian Disaster and Civic
10	Aid program;
11	(G) a review of existing cross-border mari-
12	time law enforcement operations (commonly
13	known as "shiprider agreements") with the Pa-
14	cific Islands, an assessment of additional
15	resourcing needs to enhance operational capac-
16	ity, and a plan to improve on these programs
17	and operations;
18	(H) a review of existing National Guard
19	State Partnership Programs with the Pacific Is-
20	lands, an assessment of additional opportunities
21	to leverage National Guard State Partnership
22	Programs to address law enforcement, disaster
23	relief and emergency management, and related
24	priorities, and a plan to expand, as appropriate,

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

44

1	existing	and	new	National	Guard	State	Part-
2	nership	Prog	rams	in the reg	ion;		

(I) a review of current efforts and progress in removing unexploded ordnance in the Pacific Islands and an assessment of additional resourcing needed to ensure continued progress, including to support coordination with regional efforts and those of United States allies and partners;

10 (J) a review of existing regional fusion cen-11 ters and other cooperative intelligence sharing 12 efforts in the Pacific Islands to address mari-13 time security, transnational crime, natural dis-14 asters, and other security challenges and an as-15 sessment of opportunities for the United States 16 to participate in such efforts, including by allo-17 cating staff and supplying resourcing;

18 (K) measures to evaluate success for the 19 strategy; and

20 (L) a detailed assessment of appropriations 21 required to achieve the objectives for the strat-22 egy in future years.

23 (2) An assessment of the diplomatic presence in 24 the Pacific Islands, including—

(A) a description of the Department of 1 2 State, United States Agency for International Development, United States International De-3 4 velopment Finance Corporation, Millennium 5 Challenge Corporation, United States Trade 6 and Development Authority and United States 7 Commercial Service presence, staffing, pro-8 gramming, and resourcing of operations in the 9 Pacific Islands, including programming and 10 resourcing not specifically allocated to the Pa-11 cific Islands; and 12 (B) a description of gaps in such presence, 13 including unfilled full-time equivalent positions. 14 (3) A description of coordination with regional 15 allies, including— 16 (A) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives, 17 and programs undertaken by regional allies and 18 partners, including multilateral organizations, 19 to advance the priorities identified in this Act; 20 (B) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives, 21 and programs undertaken by nonallied foreign 22 actors that are viewed as being potentially 23 harmful or in any way detrimental to one or more countries of the Pacific Islands; and 24

1	(C) an assessment of United States pro-
2	grams in the Pacific Islands and their align-
3	ment and complementarity with the efforts of
4	regional allies and partners.
5	(4) A description of trade capacity building, in-
6	cluding—
7	(A) economic opportunities for which
8	United States businesses, or those of other like-
9	minded partners, would be competitive;
10	(B) legal, economic, governance,
11	infrastructural, or other hurdles limiting United
12	States investment in the Pacific Islands; and
13	(C) steps the United States has taken to—
14	(i) develop human and institutional
15	capacity and infrastructure across multiple
16	sectors of economies, including digital
17	connectivity and cybersecurity;
18	(ii) assist with development and im-
19	plementation of regional and international
20	trade agreements, including the World
21	Trade Organization's Agreement on Trade
22	Facilitation and facilitation of
23	intraregional trade flows;
24	(iii) support women-owned enterprises
25	and gender equality; and

	1.
1	(iv) promote government policies that
2	encourage free and fair competition, sound
3	governance, environmental protection, and
4	business environments conducive to sus-
5	tainable and inclusive economic growth.
6	(5) A description of trade development, includ-
7	ing—
8	(A) an assessment of the readiness of
9	countries in the Pacific Islands to enter into en-
10	hanced trade relationships with the United
11	States, including with respect to reducing or
12	eliminating tariff and nontariff barriers inhib-
13	iting progress towards deepening trade relation-
14	ships;
15	(B) a review of existing regional multilat-
16	eral and bilateral trade agreements and pref-
17	erence programs involving the Pacific Islands
18	and their impacts on regional trade and devel-
19	opment; and
20	(C) an identification of opportunities to
21	work with existing regional frameworks to in-
22	crease trade and economic integration with the
23	Pacific Islands.
24	(6) A description of emergency preparedness for
25	the Pacific Islands, including—

1	(A) an assessment of disaster risks in the
2	Pacific Islands and existing local and regional
3	capacity to respond to such risks; and
4	(B) a review of existing efforts by United
5	States allies and partners to provide assistance
6	and training for natural disaster preparedness
7	and emergency management.
8	(7) A description of activities of the Peace
9	Corps in the Pacific Islands, including—
10	(A) a comparative analysis of the Peace
11	Corps presence in the Pacific Islands region to
12	other regions of the world, including a cost-ben-
13	efit analysis of placement in the region versus
14	elsewhere globally;
15	(B) an analysis of current impediments to
16	Peace Corps expansion in the Pacific Islands
17	region;
18	(C) outcomes of consultations among
19	United States agencies, and with regional allies
20	and partners, on areas in which cooperation can
21	reduce factors limiting Peace Corps expansion,
22	particularly those related to medical transpor-
23	tation and personal safety; and
24	(D) a plan and timeline for implementing
25	outcomes identified to facilitate expansion of

1	Peace Corps presence in the region, where ap-
2	propriate.
3	(8) A description of public health and health
4	care challenges in the Pacific Islands, including
5	health systems strengthening, immunization, non-
6	communicable diseases, and gender-based violence.
7	(9) A description of resilient development in the
8	Pacific Islands, including—
9	(A) a review of foreign infrastructure de-
10	velopments in the Pacific Islands by non-United
11	States allies and partners;
12	(B) assessments of the environmental im-
13	pact and sustainability of such developments;
14	(C) an analysis of the financial sustain-
15	ability of such developments and their impacts
16	on the debt of host countries in the Pacific Is-
17	lands; and
18	(D) an analysis of the region's banking in-
19	frastructure and Pacific Island access to finan-
20	cial services.
21	(10) A description of press freedom in the Pa-
22	cific Islands, including—
23	(A) an assessment of the national laws of
24	the Pacific Islands with respect to foreign in-
25	vestment in media and related sectors;

1	(B) relevant licensing regulations of the
2	Pacific Islands and governmental restrictions on
3	free expression that limit the availability of di-
4	verse media voices in the Pacific Islands; and
5	(C) analyses of covert efforts by foreign
6	media actors in the Pacific Islands—
7	(i) to influence, shape, or circumvent
8	regulations in the media or telecommuni-
9	cation sectors; and
10	(ii) to co-opt local media and nar-
11	ratives.
12	(11) A description of civil society engagement
13	and development, including—
14	(A) an assessment of the strength and via-
15	bility of civil society sectors of the Pacific Is-
16	lands, including legal, organizational capacity,
17	financial, advocacy, services, infrastructure, and
18	public image sectors; and
19	(B) an identification of objectives and
20	measures of success for the program.
21	(12) A description of United States Govern-
22	ment efforts to assist the Pacific Islands in the im-
23	provement of critical physical and cyber infrastruc-
24	ture, including—

1	(A) investments in the development or im-
2	provement critical infrastructure supported by
3	the United States;
4	(B) technical assistance for the develop-
5	ment or improvement of critical infrastructure
6	supported by the United States; and
7	(C) a description of support given to Pa-
8	cific Islands on the expansion of telecommuni-
9	cations infrastructure.
10	(13) A description of United States Govern-
11	ment efforts to assist the Pacific Islands in access-
12	ing support from international organizations.
13	(14) A description of how United States Gov-
14	ernment efforts align with regional development
15	goals, as outlined in documents such as the $2050$
16	Strategy for a Blue Pacific Continent.
17	(c) RECOMMENDATION.—Beginning on the date that
18	is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act,
19	the President may submit to the appropriate congressional
20	committees a recommendation on the consolidation or
21	elimination of any duplicative reports as required by this
22	section.
23	SEC. 802. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
24	There are authorized to be appropriated

24 There are authorized to be appropriated25 \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2033

1 to carry out this Act and the amendments made by this

2 Act.